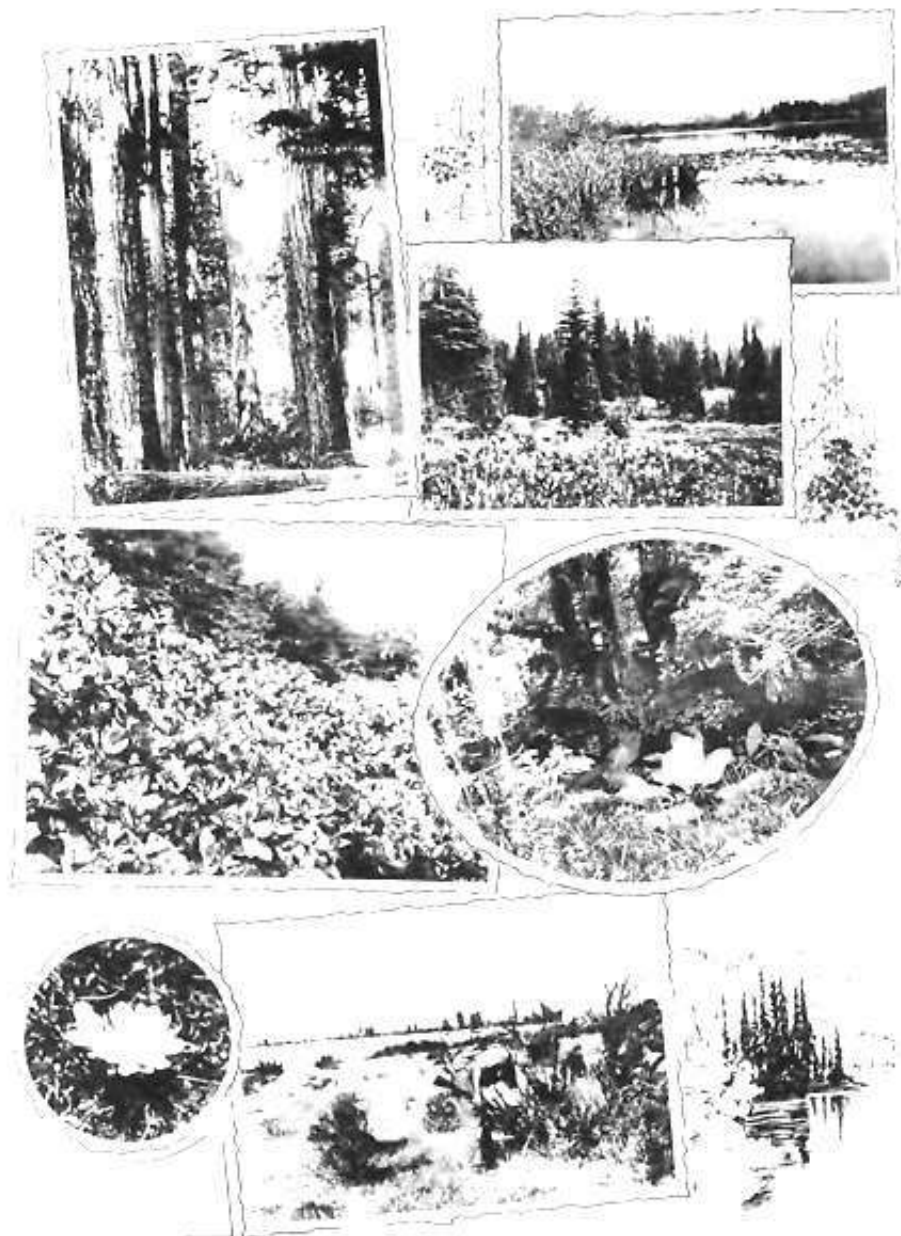


TYPICAL FLORAS AND HABITATS OF SHIPY AND INTERLACUSTRINE REGIONS



TYPICAL FLORAS AND HABITATS OF THE WESTERN REGION



Eastern Region. *Upper left:* Typical deciduous trees and summer herbage over a Ley canal, Lanark County, Ont. *Center:* Maples—Autumn foliage in young maple forest, Carleton Place, Ont. *Upper right:* Staghorn Sumac, near Ottawa, Ont. *Top left:* Maidenhair Fern, White Trillium and Wild Ginger, typical woodland plants of Eastern Region. *Lower right:* White Water Lilies, typical in lakes and streams of the Eastern Region. **Interlacustrine or Carolinian Region.**—*Upper left:* Sprig of Flowering Dogwood, conspicuous shrub of the Carolinian Region. *Middle left:* Leaves and flower of Tulip tree, native of Carolinian Region. *Lower left:* Smooth-fruited Foxglove Feet, found in dry sandy locations along Lake Erie. *Center:* Black Walnut in open location, common in original Carolinian forest. *Upper right:* Flowers of American Lotus, ranging into Canadian Carolinian around Pelee Island. *Lower right:* Showy Lady's Slipper, conspicuous orchid ranging from the Carolinian through most of the Eastern Region.

Western Region. *Upper left:* Douglas Fir, Western Cedar and Western Hemlock, near Dease Lake, B.C. *Upper right:* Willow-grown banks and pond sites of Meadow Lake, about 4,000 ft. elevation in the Selkirk range. *Middle right:* Typical flora with background of Engelmann spruce in alpine meadow, about 4,700 ft. elevation, Lihumtzen Park, P.C. *Middle left:* Salal shrubbery in flower, Graham Island, B.C. *Lower right:* Typical forest vegetation, Skunk Cabbage in flower and Indian tobacco on tree, Graham Island, B.C. *Foot of page:* Grease-wood, Oxyria Lake, Dry Belt of B.C. *Inset:* Lawinia in bloom, Vasseux Lake, Dry Belt of B.C.

Courtesy, National Museum of Canada and Dominion Forest Service, Department of Mines and Resources, Ottawa, and Mr. P. Lyford, Vancouver, B.C.